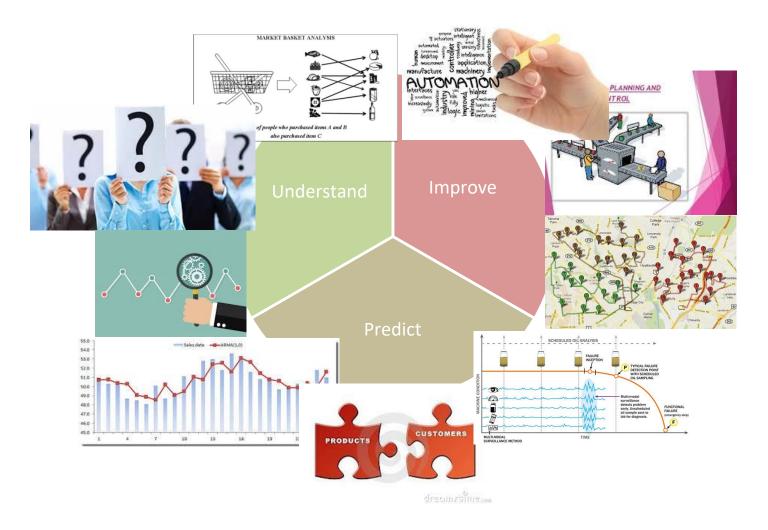


# **Customer Intelligence in der Praxis**

IT-Logix AG Sotiris Dimopoulos, PhD

Zürich, 02.07.2018

## Data Science & AI : Possibilities?





## Outlook

## Customer Dimensions

□ Use Machine Learning to extract new customer dimensions

## Customer Geo-Analytics

□ Leverage geo-data to understand your customers

- Predictive Customer Analytics
  - Predict quantities for your customers



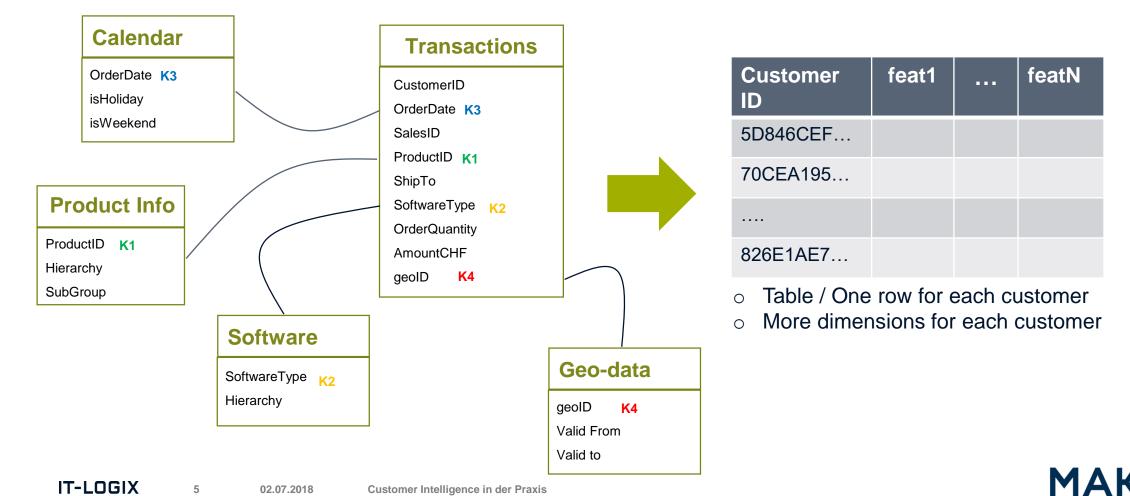
**Customer Dimensions** 





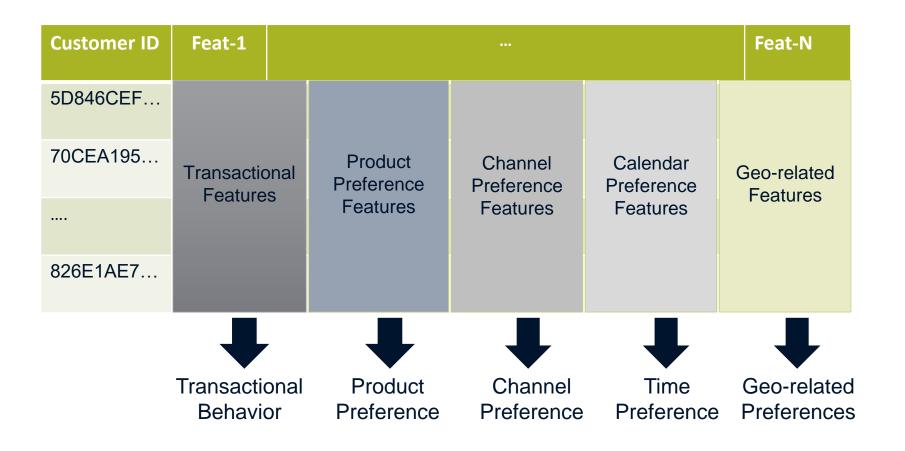
## **Customer Dimensions**

- > Applicable to: Online shops / Non-profit organizations / B2C
- > Goal: Produce new customer dimensions based on transactional data



## **Customer Dimensions**

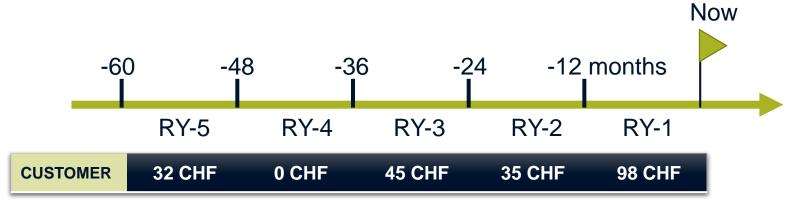
- > Extraction of more than 100 customer dimensions
- > Great variety of customer dimensions

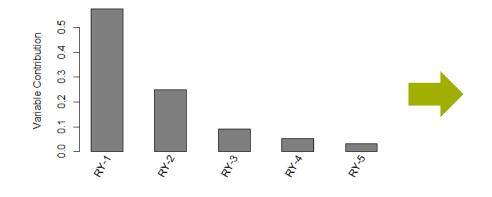




> Example 1: predictive scoring

**CUSTOMER SCORE** 



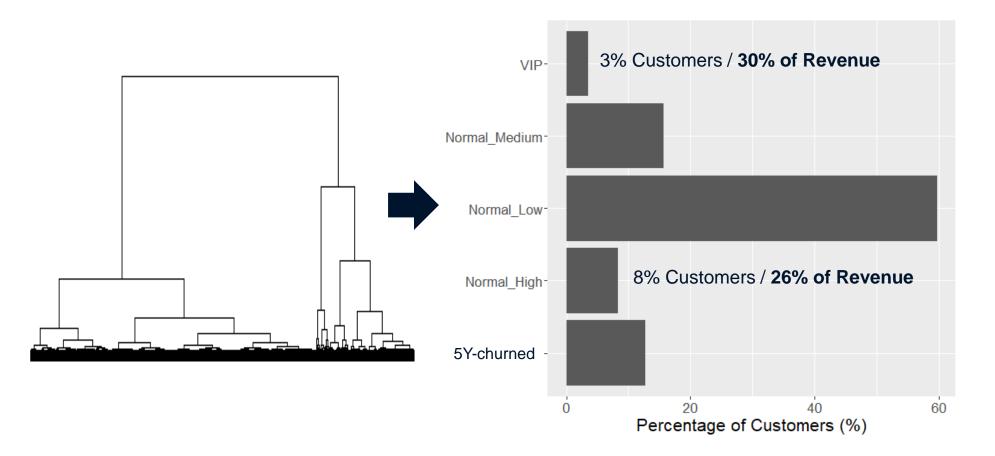


Rolling Year	Weight
Rolling Year 1	0.577
Rolling Year 2	0.249
Rolling Year 3	0.091
Rolling Year 4	0.053
Rolling Year 5	0.030



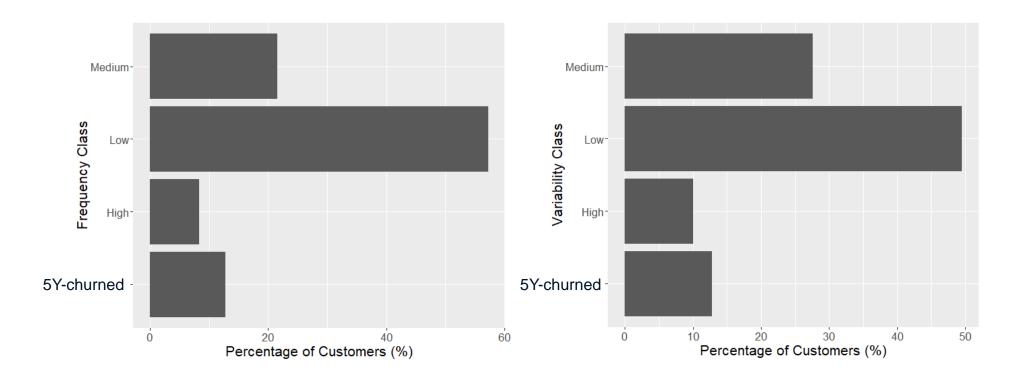
70.316

> Example 2: Classes



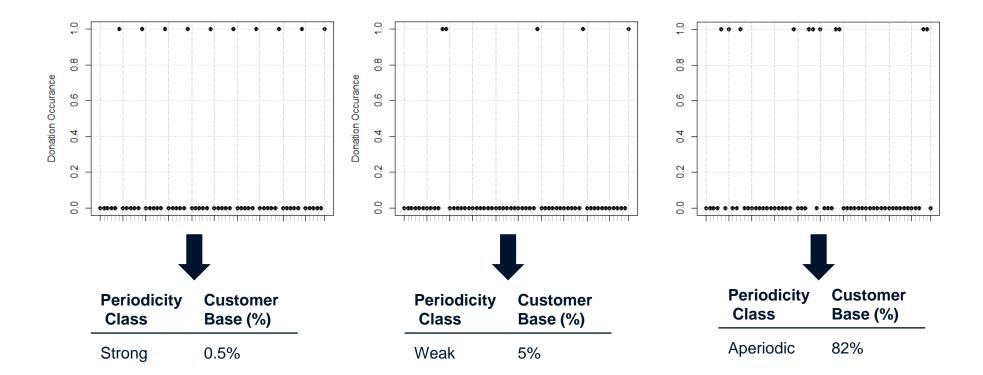


> Example 2: Classes



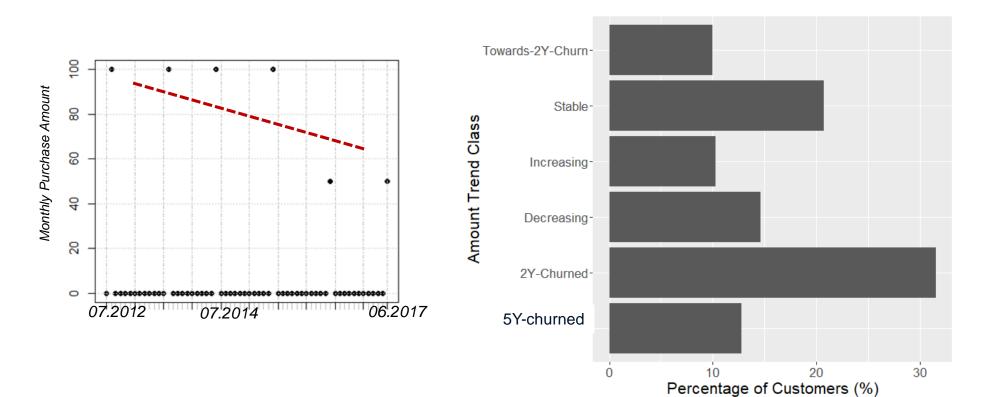


> Example 3: Periodicity





> Example 4: Trends





# **Customer Dimensions: Use**

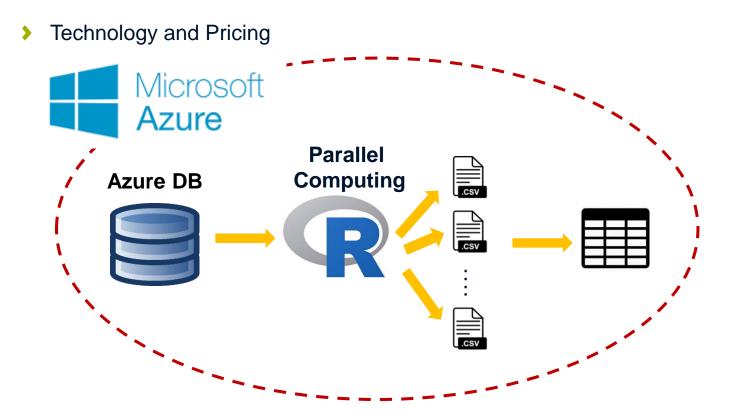
Customer Behavior Table



- Descriptive statistics
  - **E**.g. for reports/dashboards/pivot tables, etc
- Basis for better customer segments and personalized marketing
  - □ Create customer groups on-the-fly
- Input for predictive models
  - □ e.g. churn, retention, offer acceptance, promotion of trips, etc



## **Customer Dimensions: Operationalization**



- □ Azure Batch for scalable parallel computing
- □ Compute cost = 4CHF / month, for analyzing 2.5M customers



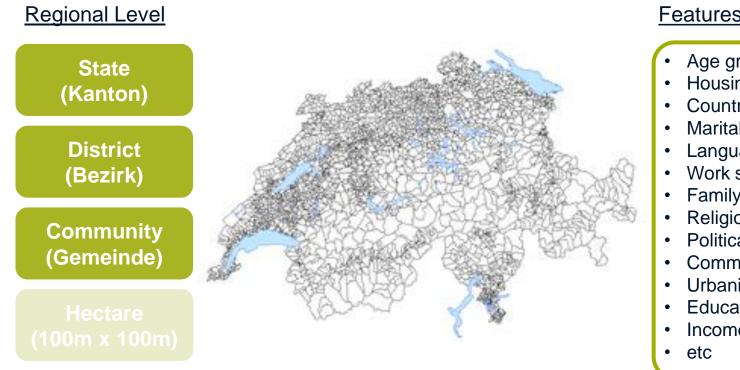
**Customer Geo-Analytics** 





## **Geo-data in Switzerland**

BFS as a source of information ٠





- Age groups
- Housing Information
- Country of origin
- Marital status
- Language
- Work sectors
- Family and kids
- Religion
- **Political opinions**
- Commuting
- Urbanization
- **Educational level**
- Income

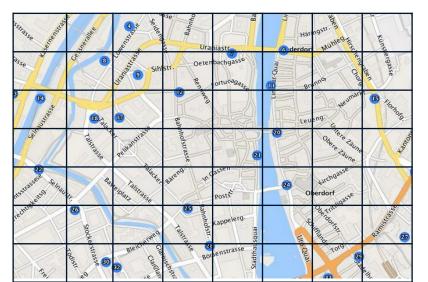


## **Geo-data in Switzerland**

> BFS as a source of information

#### **Regional Level**



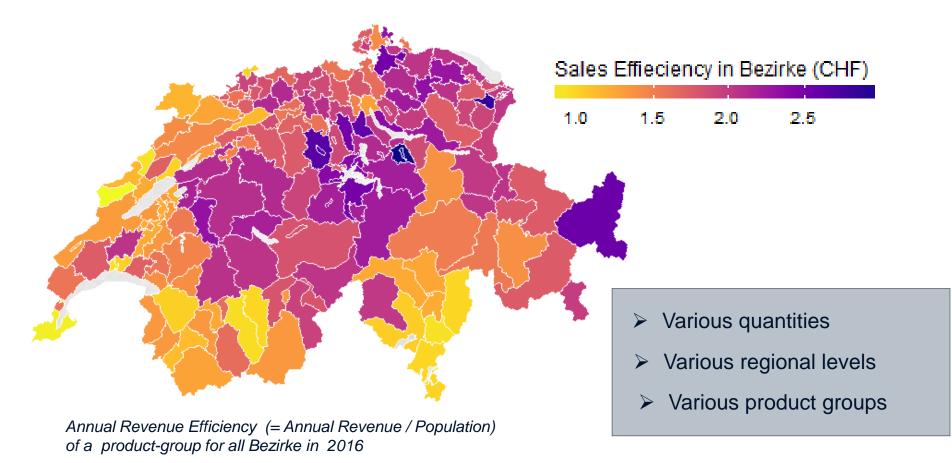


#### Features / Attributes

- Age groups
- Housing Information
- Country of origin
- Marital status
- Language
- Work sectors
- Family and kids
- Religion
- Political opinions
- Commuting
- Urbanization
- Educational level
- Income
- etc

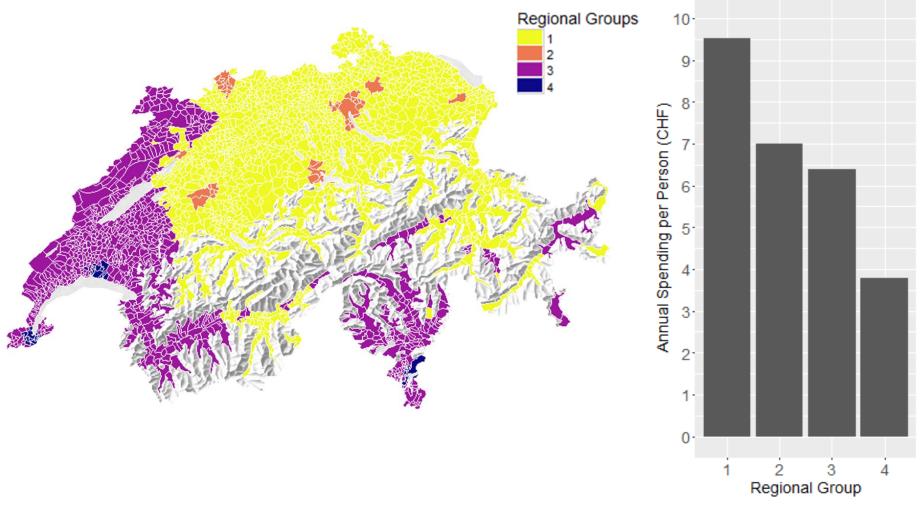


> Quantification sales efficiency at the regional level



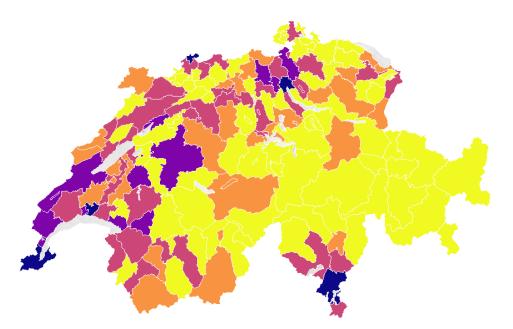


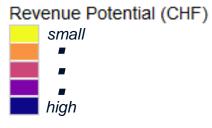
Regional grouping





> Annual revenue potential





Annual revenue potential of a product-group at the Bezirk-level

#### Which regions should be targeted first?

KANTON_NAME	Revenue Potential (CHF)	Cumulative Percentage (%)
Vaud	5.69*X	14.2
Genève	5.58*X	28.1
Zürich	5.39*X	41.6
Ticino	3.47*X	50.3

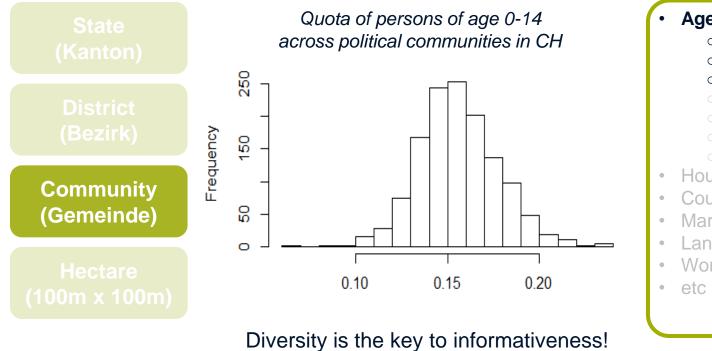
Annual revenue potential of a productgroup at the Kanton level



# **Customer Geo-Analytics: Diversity of Geo-data in CH**

## > BFS as a source of information

### **Regional Level**

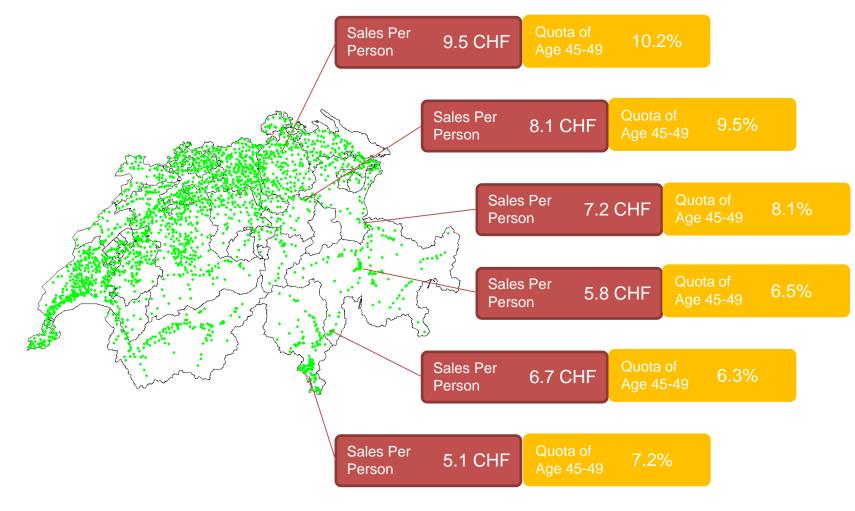


#### Features / Attributes

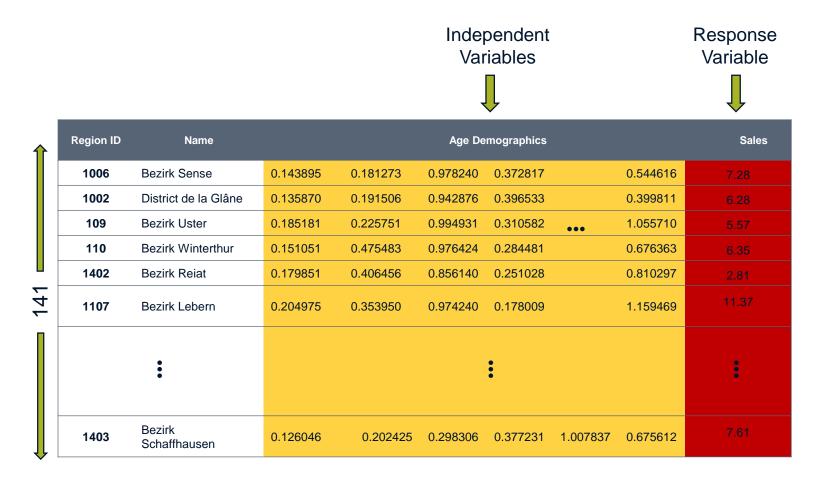
•	Age groups
	° 0-4
	o <b>5-9</b>
	o <b>10-14</b>
	o <b>15-19</b>
	o <b>20-24</b>
	0
	<ul> <li>89 and more</li> </ul>
•	Housing Information
•	Country of origin
•	Marital status
•	Language
•	Work sectors
•	etc



> Analysis for age-groups: exploit regional diversity

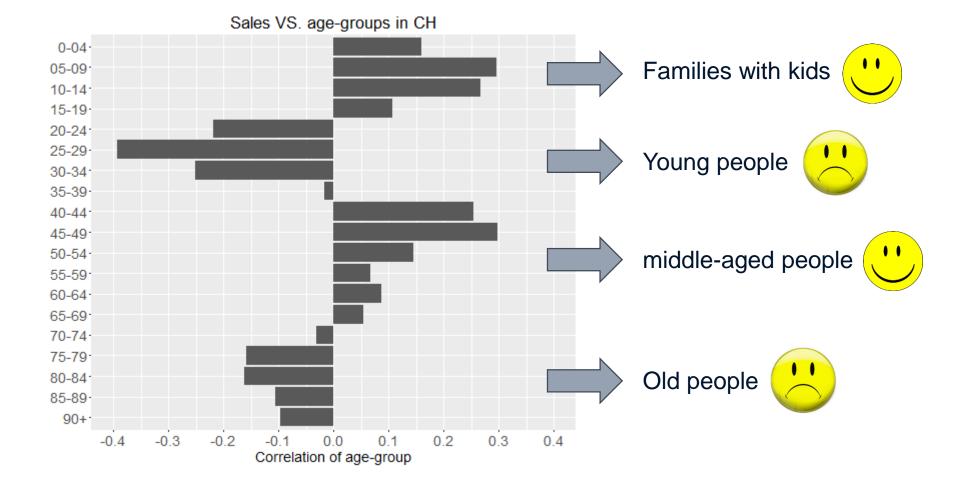


Analysis for age-groups: exploit regional diversity





Sales Efficiency for age-groups



MAKE

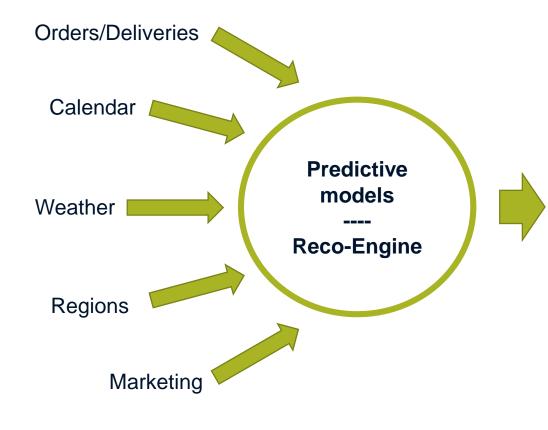
**Predictive Customer Analytics** 





## **Predictive Customer Analytics: Business Perspective**

- > Client: Retailer of drinking products
- Logistics Department for Hotels-Restaurants-Catering (HoReCa)



## **Business Processes**



### Understand customers Avoid out-of-stock situations

(\$)

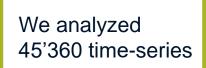
### Provide good recommendations



## **Predictive Customer Analytics: Predictive models**

Product ID

> Analysis per customer per product

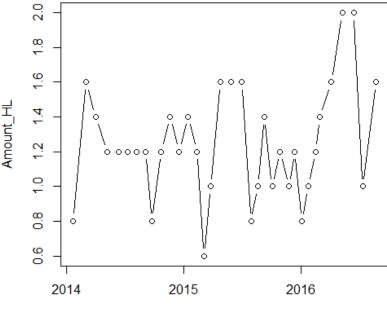


#### Example: Customer ID = 77 294 025

- 43 deliveries in total
- 29 different products

FIGURE	INT. OF Deliveries	
10041	35	
10099	32	
10152	29	
10379	25	=
10476	24	
10514	23	
10601	19	
10409	14	
10153	12	
10975	12	
10606	10	
10448	9	
11542	8	
11543	7	

Nr Of Deliveries



#### Time

- Deliveries start from 2014-01-22
- Amount\_HL in [0.6, 2] HL
- Time interval between consecutive orders in between 14 to 42 days

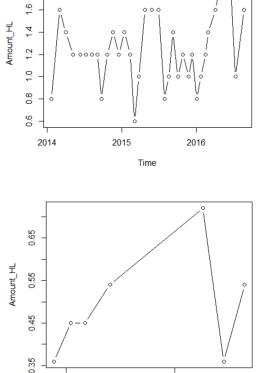


# **Predictive Customer Analytics: Predictive models**

- Engaged and non-engaged customers
  - Gr.1: 972 out of 1579 Customers (62%)
  - Patterns exist for at least 1 product of these customers
  - ✓ 88% of the total deliveries
  - ✓ 83% of the total express-deliveries



- Patterns do not exist
  (at least based on the history of deliveries)
- Example: Between all consecutive orders Min Day Difference = 49 Max Day Difference = 313



2016

Time

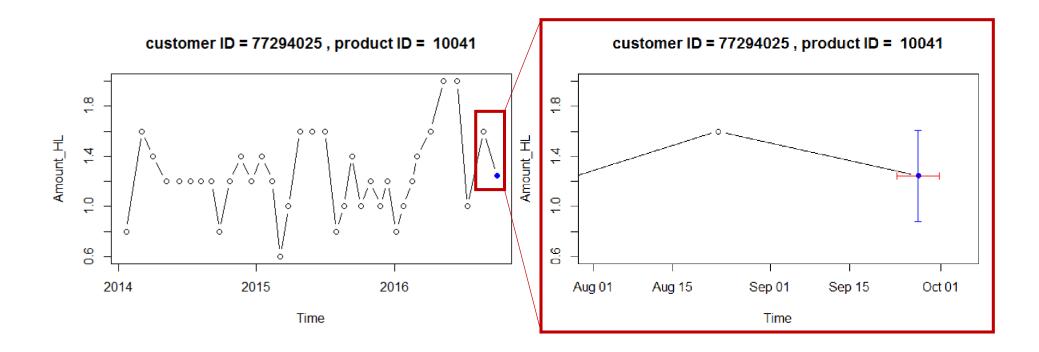
2015

1.8 2.0



# **Predictive Customer Analytics: Predictive models**

> Engaged customers (Gr.1): Main Products - Predictions



Predict order-date of customer based on the main product



## **Predictive Customer Analytics: Recommendations**

> "Past orders" and "current order" of a customer



> Given the current order, what products shall we recommend???

1. Intra recommendations

\* Recommended products have been ordered in the past

## 2. Inter recommendations

\* Recommended products have NOT been ordered in the past



Based on *current customer's* history of orders & product-consumption



Based on orders from *similar customers* and *popular combinations* of products



**DS Products @IT-Logix** 





## **DS Products @IT-Logix**

- Data Science Workshop
  - Explore possibilities with data science
- Auditing of AI/ML models
  - Assess quality of existing AI/ML models
- ML/AI Tutorials and Hands-on Sessions
  - Learn basic concepts of ML and AI
- Requirements Engineering with Data Science
  - Outlier detection via content-based screening
  - Identify important missing quantities



# Wir freuen uns auf angeregte Gespräche mit Ihnen

Dr. Sotiris Dimopoulos
 Senior Data Science Consultant







Xing



Blog



